

# DESCRIPTIONS OF GAME MANAGEMENT UNITS

- GAME MANAGEMENT UNIT BOUNDARIES
- SUBUNIT BOUNDARIES
- AREAS HAVING SPECIAL RESTRICTIONS
- NATIONAL PARKS, MONUMENTS
- PRESERVES
- EXISTING HIGHWAY SYSTEM

## 18. Unit 18, Yukon-Kuskokwim Delta.

That area draining into the Yukon and Kuskokwim Rivers downstream from a straight line drawn between Lower Kalskag and Paimut and into all streams flowing into the Bering Sea from Cape Nevenham on the south to and including the Pastolik River drainage on the north; Nunivak and adjacent islands.

## 19. Unit 19, McGrath.

All of the drainages into the Kuskokwim River upstream from a straight line drawn between Lower Kalskag and Paimut.

A. Subunit 19(A)—That area drained by the Kuskokwim River downstream from and including the Moose Creek drainage on the north bank and downstream from and including the Stony River drainage, excluding that portion listed in Subunit 19(B).

B. Subunit 19(B)—That portion of Unit 19 drained by the Aniak River upstream from and including the Salmon River; that area drained by the Holitna River upstream from and including Bakbuk Creek; that area south of a line running directly between the mouth of Bakbuk Creek on the Holitna River and the radar dome at Sparrevohn Air Force Base including that area drained by the Holitna River upstream from that line; and the drainage of the Stony River upstream from and including the drainage of Can Creek.

C. Subunit 19(C)—That portion of Unit 19 south and west of a line from Benchmark M1.26 (approximately 1.26 miles south of the northwest corner of the original Mt. McKinley National Park Boundary) to Lone Mountain, and thence due west to Big River; the drainage of Big River upstream from the intersection of this line; and the drainage of Swift River upstream from and including the drainage of the North Fork.

D. Subunit 19(D)—The remainder of Unit 19.

## 20. Unit 20, Fairbanks-Central Tanana.

That area drained by the Yukon River upstream from and including the Tozitna River drainage to and including the Hamlin Creek drainage, including the Tanana River and its tributaries north of Unit 13 and downstream from the boundary of Unit 12; by the tributaries draining into the south bank of the Yukon River upstream from and including the Charley River drainage to the Alaska-Canada boundary; and by the Alaska drainage of Ladue and Fortymile Rivers.

A. Subunit 20(A)—That portion of Unit 20 bounded on the east by the west bank of the Delta River from the boundary of Unit 13 to the Tanana River; bounded on the north by the north bank of the Tanana River from the confluence of the Delta River downstream to the confluence of the Nenana River; bounded on the west by the east bank of the Nenana River from its confluence with the Tanana River upstream to the boundary of Unit 13.

B. Subunit 20(B)—That portion of Unit 20 draining into the north bank of the Tanana River upstream from and including Hot Springs Slough to and including the Banner Creek drainage.

C. Subunit 20(C)—That portion of Unit 20 draining into the south bank of the Tanana River west of the western boundary of Subunit 20(A) downstream to the confluence of the Tanana and Yukon Rivers, including the islands in the Tanana River.

D. Subunit 20(D)—That portion of Unit 20 draining into the north bank of the Tanana River from the confluence of the Robertson and Tanana Rivers downstream to, but not including, the Banner Creek drainage; and that portion draining into the south bank of the Tanana River from the west bank of the Delta River to the Unit 12 boundary; and islands in the Delta River from the Delta River to the Tanana River.

E. Subunit 20(E)—That portion of Unit 20 draining into the south bank of the Yukon River upstream from and including the Charley River drainage and including the Ladue River drainage within Alaska.

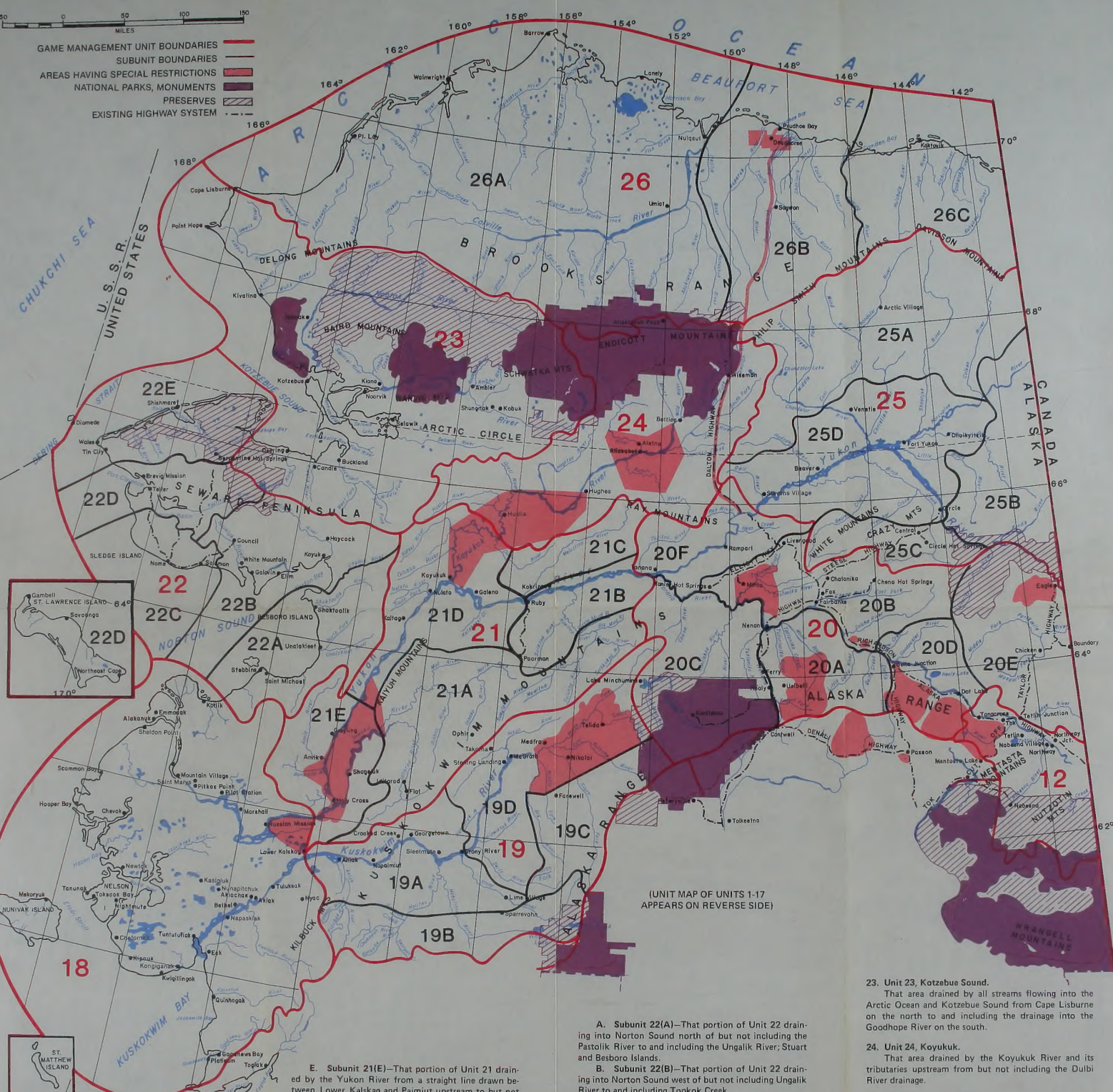
F. Subunit 20(F)—The remainder of Unit 20.

## 21. Unit 21, Middle Yukon.

That area draining into the Yukon River from a straight line drawn between Lower Kalskag and Paimut upstream to but not including the Tozitna River drainage on the north side of the Yukon River and up to but not including the Tanana River drainage on the south side of the Yukon River; the Koyukuk River upstream to and including the Dulbi River drainage.

A. Subunit 21(A)—That portion of Unit 21 which includes the Innoko River drainage upstream from and including the Iditarod River drainage, and that portion of the Nowitna River drainage upstream from the confluence of the Little Mud and Nowitna Rivers.

B. Subunit 21(B)—That portion of Unit 21 drained by the Yukon River upstream from Ruby and east of a line from Ruby to Yuki Mountain to the northern boundary of Subunit 21(A), including the Sulatna River drainage.



(UNIT MAP OF UNITS 1-17  
APPEARS ON REVERSE SIDE)

E. Subunit 21(E)—That portion of Unit 21 drained by the Yukon River from a straight line drawn between Lower Kalskag and Paimut upstream to but not including the Blackburn Creek drainage, and the Innoko River drainage downstream from the confluence of the Iditarod and Innoko Rivers.

## 22. Unit 22, Nome.

That part of the Seward Peninsula and adjacent mainland drained by all streams flowing into Kotzebue Sound, Bering Strait, and Norton Sound from but not including the Goodhope River drainage on the north, to but not including the Pastolik River drainage on the south; King, Little Diomedes, St. Lawrence, Sledge, Stuart, and adjacent islands.

A. Subunit 22(A)—That portion of Unit 22 draining into Norton Sound north of but not including the Pastolik River to and including the Ungalik River; Stuart and Besboro Islands.

B. Subunit 22(B)—That portion of Unit 22 draining into Norton Sound west of but not including Ungalik River to and including Topkok Creek.

C. Subunit 22(C)—That portion of Unit 22 draining into Norton Sound and the Bering Sea west of but not including Topkok Creek to and including the Tisuk River; King Island.

D. Subunit 22(D)—That portion of Unit 22 draining into the Bering and Chukchi Seas north of Cape York to but not including the Goodhope River; Little Diomedes Island.

E. Subunit 22(E)—That portion of Unit 22 draining into the Bering and Chukchi Seas north of Cape York to but not including the Goodhope River; Little Diomedes Island.

## 23. Unit 23, Kotzebue Sound.

That area drained by all streams flowing into the Arctic Ocean and Kotzebue Sound from Cape Lisburne on the north to and including the drainage into the Goodhope River on the south.

## 24. Unit 24, Koyukuk.

That area drained by the Koyukuk River and its tributaries upstream from but not including the Dulbi River drainage.

## 25. Unit 25, Fort Yukon.

That area draining into the Yukon River upstream from Hamlin Creek to the Alaska-Canada boundary and the Subunit 20(E) boundary.

A. Subunit 25(A)—That portion of Unit 25 drained by the Hodzana River upstream from the Narrows, the Chandalar River drainage upstream from and including the East Fork drainage, the Christian River drainage upstream from the village of Christian, the Sheenik River drainage upstream from and including Thulchohjek Creek, the Coleen River drainage, and the Old Crow River drainage lying within Alaska.

B. Subunit 25(B)—That portion of Unit 25 drained by the Little Black River upstream from but not including the Big Creek drainage; the Black River drainage upstream from and including the Salmon Fork drainage; the Porcupine River drainage upstream from the confluence of the Coleen and Porcupine Rivers; and by the tributaries draining into the north bank of the Yukon River upstream from the village of Circle to the Alaska-Canada border, including the islands in the Yukon River.

C. Subunit 25(C)—That portion of Unit 25 draining into the south bank of the Yukon River upstream from the village of Circle to the Subunit 20(E) boundary, the Birch Creek drainage upstream from the Steese Highway bridge (milepost 147), the Preacher Creek drainage upstream from and including the Rock Creek drainage and the Beaver Creek drainage upstream from and including the Moose Creek drainage.

D. Subunit 25(D)—The remainder of Unit 25.

## 26. Unit 26, Arctic Slope.

That area drained by all streams and rivers flowing into the Arctic Ocean between Cape Lisburne and the Alaska-Canada boundary; and the Fifth River drainage lying within Alaska.

A. Subunit 26(A)—That portion of Unit 26 lying west of the area drained by the Itkillik River and its tributaries, and west of the east bank of the Colville River between the mouth of the Itkillik River and the Arctic Ocean.

B. Subunit 26(B)—That portion of Unit 26 lying east of Subunit 26(A) and west of the west banks of the Canning River and Marsh Fork of the Canning River between the Arctic Ocean and Carter Pass.

C. Subunit 26(C)—That portion of Unit 26 lying east of Subunit 26(B).

# ALASKA GAME MANAGEMENT UNITS



Indicating Approximate Boundaries  
of Areas Listed in Alaska Hunting  
and Trapping Regulations

MAP VALID JULY 1, 1984

POLAR  
PAM  
893

POLARPAM





NOTICE: This map is not drawn to scale, nor is it sufficiently accurate to reflect specific unit boundaries. If there is doubt concerning unit boundaries they should be determined using the written descriptions of game management units and large-scale topographical maps of the area. Because of the extreme small size of some areas having specific state restrictions, they are not shown on this map. Please refer to Articles 6, 7 and 8 of the Hunting Regulations and Articles 5 and 6 of the Trapping Regulations for this information.

This map and State Hunting and Trapping Regulations reflect Board of Game regulations. Persons are advised that additional restrictions may be imposed by the land manager.

## DESCRIPTIONS OF GAME MANAGEMENT UNITS

5 AAC 90.010 General provisions.

The taking of game shall be limited to the respective open seasons, bag limits and other applicable provisions as prescribed in relation to twenty-six geographical areas of the state designated as Game Management Units as described in this part.

### 1. Unit 1, Southeast Mainland.

The Southeast Alaska mainland from Dixon Entrance to Cape Fainweather and those islands lying east of Clarence Strait from Dixon Entrance to Camano Point and all islands in Stephens Passage and Lynn Canal north of Taku Inlet.

A. Subunit 1(A)—That portion of Unit 1 lying south of Lemesurier Point, including all drainages into Behm Canal and excluding all drainages into Ernest Sound.

B. Subunit 1(B)—That portion of Unit 1 lying between Lemesurier Point and Cape Fanshaw, including all drainages into Ernest Sound and Farragut Bay, including adjacent islands easterly of the center lines of Frederick Sound, Dry Strait (between Sergief and Kadin Islands), Eastern Passage, Blake Channel (excluding Blake Island), Ernest Sound and Seward Passage.

C. Subunit 1(C)—That portion of Unit 1 lying between Cape Fanshaw and the latitude of Eldred Rock, including Sullivan Island and the drainages into Berners Bay and excluding the drainages into Farragut Bay.

D. Subunit 1(D)—That portion of Unit 1 lying north of the latitude of Eldred Rock, excluding Sullivan Island and the drainages into Berners Bay.

### 2. Unit 2, Prince of Wales.

Prince of Wales and all adjacent islands bounded by a line drawn from Dixon Entrance in the center of Clarence, Kashevarof and Sumner Straits to and including Warren Island, in Southeastern Alaska.

### 3. Unit 3, Petersburg-Wrangell.

Coronation, Kuiu, Kupreanof, Mirkof, Zarembo, Koshevarof, Woronkofski, Etolin, Wrangell, Deer and all adjacent islands in Southeastern Alaska.

### 4. Unit 4, Admiralty-Baranof-Chichagof.

Admiralty, Baranof, Chichagof, Yakob, Inian, Lemesurier, Pleasant and adjacent islands in Southeastern Alaska.

### 5. Unit 5, Yakutat.

That area draining into the Gulf of Alaska from Cape Fairweather to the middle of Icy Bay and the west side of the Guyot Hills.

A. Subunit 5(A)—That portion of Unit 5 lying east of Yakutat Bay, Disenchantment Bay and the Hubbard Glacier, and including all the islands of Yakutat and Disenchantment Bays.

B. Subunit 5(B)—That portion of Unit 5 lying west of Yakutat Bay, Disenchantment Bay and the eastern edge of the Hubbard Glacier.

### 6. Unit 6, Cordova-Valdez.

That area draining into the Gulf of Alaska and Prince William Sound from the middle of Icy Bay and the west side of the Guyot Hills to Cape Fairfield excluding the Nellie Juan and Kings River drainages, but not extending above Miles Glacier on the Copper River; and Kayak, Hinchinbrook, Montague and adjacent islands and Middleton Island.

A. Subunit 6(A)—That portion of Unit 6 with drainages into the Gulf of Alaska east of Palm Point (near Katalla) including Kanak, Wingham and Kayak Islands.

B. Subunit 6(B)—That portion of Unit 6 lying east of the west bank of the Copper River and a line between Flag Point and Cottonwood Point; and the drainages into the Copper River or Gulf of Alaska west of Palm Point (near Katalla).

C. Subunit 6(C)—That portion of Unit 6 lying east of the east bank of Rude River and along the eastern shore of Nelson Bay and Orca Inlet and west of the west bank of the Copper River including that area west of a line between Flag Point and Cottonwood Point.

D. Subunit 6(D)—The remainder of Unit 6.

### 7. Unit 7, Seward

That portion of the Kenai Peninsula which drains into the Gulf of Alaska between Gore Point and Cape Fairfield, and including the Nellie Juan and Kings River drainages; the drainages into the Kenai River upstream from its confluence with the Russian River from the east and the drainages into Turnagain Arm south of the Twenty-mile River drainages and east of longitude line 150°00'W starting at the mouth of the Russian River, thence northerly along that line to the coast line of Chickaloon Bay in Turnagain Arm.

### 8. Unit 8, Kodiak-Shelikof.

Kodiak, Afognak, Chirikof, and Semidi and all other adjacent offshore islands.

### 9. Unit 9, Alaska Peninsula.

That part of the Alaska Peninsula and adjacent mainland which drains into the Pacific Ocean and west side of Cook Inlet from False Pass and the mouth of Redoubt Creek and into Bristol Bay from False Pass to Etolin Point on the eastern entrance to Nushagak Bay.

A. Subunit 9(A)—That portion of Unit 9 which drains into Shelikof Strait and Cook Inlet between the boundary of Unit 16 and the northern boundary of Katmai National Park & Preserve.

B. Subunit 9(B)—That portion of Unit 9 drained by the Kvichak River.

C. Subunit 9(C)—That portion of Unit 9 drained by Alagnak (Branch) and Naknek Rivers, and including all lands within Katmai National Park & Preserve.

D. Subunit 9(D)—That portion of Unit 9 south and west of a line drawn from the head of Port Moller Bay to the head of American Bay, including the Shumagin Islands and other islands to the west of that line.

E. Subunit 9(E)—The remainder of Unit 9.

### 10. Unit 10, Aleutian Islands.

The Aleutian Islands and the Pribilof Islands.

### 11. Unit 11, Wrangell Mountains-Chitina River.

That area draining into the headwaters of the Copper River south of Susitna Creek and the area drained by all tributaries into the east bank of the Copper River between the confluence of Susitna Creek with the Sliana River and Miles Glacier.

### 12. Unit 12, Upper Tanana-White River.

That area drained by the Tanana River and its tributaries upstream from the east bank of the Robertson River to the Alaska-Canada boundary and the White River and its tributaries except the Ladue River lying within Alaska.

### 13. Unit 13, Nelchina-Upper Susitna.

That area westerly of the east bank of the Copper River and drained by all tributaries into the west bank of the Copper River from Miles Glacier and including the Sliana River drainages north of Susitna Creek; the drainages into the Delta River upstream from Clear Creek and Black Rapids Glacier; the drainage into the Nenana River upstream from the southeast corner of Mt. McKinley National Park at Windy; the drainage into the Susitna River upstream from its junction, the drainage with the Chulitna River; the drainage into the east bank of the

Chulitna River upstream to its confluence with Tokositna River; the drainages of the Chulitna River (south of Mt. McKinley National Park) upstream from its confluence with the Tokositna River; the drainages into the north bank of the Tokositna River upstream to the base of the Tokositna Glacier; the drainages into the Tokositna River between its confluence with the Talkeetna and Chulitna Rivers; the drainage into the north bank of the Chickaloon River drainages of the Matanuska River above its confluence with the Chickaloon River.

A. Subunit 13(A)—Beginning at the Chickaloon River bridge at Mile 77.7 on the Glenn Highway, then along the Glenn Highway to its junction with the Richardson Highway, then south along the Richardson Highway to the foot of Simpson Hill at Mile 111.5, then due east to the east bank of the Copper River, then northerly along the east bank of the Copper River to its junction with Gulkana River, then northerly along the west bank of the Gulkana River to its junction with the West Fork of the Gulkana River, then westerly along the west bank of the West Fork of the Gulkana River to its source, an unnamed lake, then across a divide into the Tyone River, then down the Tyone River to the Susitna River, then down the southern bank of the Susitna River to the mouth of Kosina Creek, then up Kosina Creek to its headwaters, then across a divide and down Aspen Creek to the Talkeetna River, then southerly along the boundary of Game Management Unit 13 to the Chickaloon River bridge, of beginning.

B. Subunit 13(B)—Beginning at the confluence of the Copper River and the Gulkana River, then up the east bank of the Copper River to the confluence with the Gakona River, then up the Gakona River and the Gakona Glacier to the boundary of Game Management Unit 13, then westerly along the boundary of Game Management Unit 13 to the Susitna Glacier, then southerly along the west bank of the Susitna Glacier and the Susitna River to the Tyone River, then up Tyone River and across a divide to the headwaters of the West Fork of the Gulkana River, then down the West Fork of the Gulkana River to its confluence with the Copper River, the point of beginning.

C. Subunit 13(C)—That portion of Game Management Unit 13 east of the Gakona River and Gakona Glacier.

D. Subunit 13(D)—That portion of Game Management Unit 13 south of Subunit 13(A).

E. Subunit 13(E)—The remainder of Unit 13.

### 14. Unit 14, Anchorage.

That area draining into the north side of Turnagain Arm north of Portage Creek drainage into Knik Arm including the drainages of the west bank of the Chickaloon River and all drainages below its confluence with the Matanuska River; into the head of Cook Inlet east of the Susitna River, and into all tributaries into the east bank of the Susitna River upstream to the north bank of the Talkeetna River.

A. Subunit 14(A)—That portion of Unit 14 bounded on the south by Cook Inlet and Knik Arm; the south bank of the Knik River from its mouth upstream to its junction with Knik Glacier, thence across the face of Knik Glacier and along the north side of Knik Glacier to the Unit 6 boundary; on the west by the Big Susitna River; on the north by Willow Creek, and Peters Creek and along a line from the headwaters of Peters Creek to the headwaters of the Chickaloon River; and on the east by the eastern boundary of Unit 14.

B. Subunit 14(B)—That portion of Unit 14 lying north of Subunit 14(A).

C. Subunit 14(C)—That portion of Unit 14 bounded on the north by Knik Arm and the southern boundary of Subunit 14(A); on the east by the boundary of Unit 6; on the south by the boundary of Unit 7 and Turnagain Arm.

### 15. Unit 15, Kenai.

That part of the Kenai Peninsula draining into the Gulf of Alaska, Cook Inlet and Turnagain Arm from Gore Point to the point where longitude line 150°00'W crosses the coast line of Chickaloon Bay in Turnagain Arm and lying west of longitude line 150°00'W to the mouth of the Russian River, thence southerly along the Chugach National Forest boundary to the upper end of Upper Russian Lake; and including the drainages into Upper Russian Lake west of the Chugach National Forest boundary.

A. Subunit 15(A)—That portion of Unit 15 bounded on the south by the Kenai River and Skilak Lake.

B. Subunit 15(B)—That portion of Unit 15 north of the Skilak River, Tustumena Lake, Glacier Creek and Tustumena Glacier; and south of the Kenai River and Skilak Lake.

C. Subunit 15(C)—That portion of Unit 15 south of the Skilak River, Tustumena Lake, Glacier Creek and Tustumena Glacier.

### 16. Unit 16, Lower Susitna.

The drainage into the west side of Cook Inlet from and including Redoubt Creek, including Kalgin Island, northward to and including the Susitna River; the drainage from the west and including the Susitna River upstream to its junction with the Chulitna River; the drainage from the west into and including the Chulitna River below its confluence with the Tokositna River; the drainage from the south into and including the Tokositna River upstream to the base of the Tokositna Glacier, which includes the drainage of the Kanitula Glacier.

A. Subunit 16(A)—That portion of Unit 16 lying east of the Kahiltna Glacier and the eastern bank of the Kahiltna River to its confluence with the Yentna River; thence down the eastern bank of the Yentna to the Susitna River; thence due east across the Susitna River to its eastern bank.

B. Subunit 16(B)—The remainder of Unit 16.

### 17. Unit 17, Bristol Bay.

That part of the mainland draining into Bristol Bay between Etolin Point and Cape Newenham, and the islands adjacent to the mainland between the above-named points.

A. Subunit 17(A)—That portion of Unit 17 that drains into Bristol Bay between Cape Newenham and Cape Constantine, including Hagemeister Island and the Walrus Islands.

B. Subunit 17(B)—That portion of Unit 17 drained by the Nushagak River upstream from its confluence with the Mulchatna River, including that area drained by Mulchatna River; that portion of the Wood River drainage upstream from the outlet of Lake Beverly.

C. Subunit 17(C)—The remainder of Unit 17.

(UNIT MAP OF UNITS 18-26 APPEARS ON REVERSE SIDE)

